Trajectories and Risk Factors for Altered Physical and Psychosocial Health-Related Quality of Life After Pediatric Community-Acquired Septic Shock

**Physical Functioning**

**Psychosocial Functioning**

**Study Question:** How does community-acquired septic shock affect physical and psychosocial domains of health-related quality of life (HRQL)?

**Study Population:** Children aged one month to 18 years of age at one of twelve Life After Pediatric Sepsis Evaluation (LAPSE) study sites.

**Risk Factors for lower HRQL**

NEUROLOGIC COMPLICATIONS

MEDICAL DEVICE AT 1 MO POST ADMISSION

The results of this study suggested children with and without complex chronic comorbid conditions may recover differently from community-acquired septic shock.